## Saint Thomas and Saint Thomas of the Air Church Ninth Sunday after Trinity August 17, 2025 rmcneely+

it is meet that we should make merry and be glad.

Today the Summer Survey of Essential Christian Doctrine brings us to one of the most famous of Jesus' parables:

The Prodigal Son.

There have been many interpretations of the parable.

Modernists have focused on the father's decision

To reward the prodigal with half the estate

And found it lacking, poor parenting;

Before it's time;

Before the young boy was prepared to manage it.

Some say the father was lacking in appreciation

Of this elder son's long and faithful obedience.

Some have looked to the older son

And found him surly and selfish, unforgiving.

Some have found he had just cause for complaint.

Of course, all of this superficial thinking

Is to miss the very import of the parable.

In order to gain the message, we need a short bit of context.

The parable of the Prodigal Son is the third

Of three parables that Jesus told to the Pharisees.

You see, Jesus had ministered to the sinners and even the publicans

He had said that the physicians tended to the sick not the healthy.

The Pharisees took notice of it.

They murmured against Jesus in the temple

Seeking to rile the people up against Him.

The Pharisees drew upon the Jewish custom of shunning

Sinners and the lower classes of their society.

It would make sense to the people of the temple

At the time,

That Jesus so received and mingled

with the refuse of Jerusalem

that He must be one of them.

The message of the Pharisees was that people should ignore Him as just another sinner.

In response, Jesus told the three parables:

Each concerning lost and found.

The first was the story of the shepherd

Who left his flock of 100

To search for the one that was lost.

The second was the story of the woman

Who lost one of her 10 coins

And searched diligently until she found it.

The third was the story of the prodigal son

The youngest of two sons

Who abandoned his father

And squandered his inheritance

While his father mourned and hoped for his return.

In each parable there was something lost.

One of 100 sheep

One of 10 coins, and

One of two sons.

That which was lost increased in number,

Percentage and value

As Jesus told the three stories.

1%; 10% and 50%

One sheep, one coin and one son.
In each story, there was great rejoicing
As each lost item was found.

We can only wonder whether the Pharisees Understood what Jesus was telling them.

But let's dig into what Jesus is telling us today.

The Prodigal Son story, the final story of the 3 parables Is the most elaborate
Involves the greatest number of people
And is the most hard hitting of the three.

In the story, the father stands in the place of God.

The youngest son represents a sinner

And could be any of us.

The older brother is often equated to the Jews

Who failed to comprehend the message of the story.

First let's examine the sins of the youngest son.

He is rude
demanding
Greedy
Unloving
Has no respect of love of his father.

He all but wishes the death of his father

So that he can get his hands on his father's wealth.

Rather than live a life of love and respect for his father

He all but wishes his father's death so he can get his hands

On the inheritance that he believes he is entitled

And deserves.

Without comment,

Without betraying a broken heart,

The father divides his wealth and gives the young son his share.

The Prodigal has lived an idyllic life with his father

With God.

In a heaven like state of peace and grace; All his wants and needs provided by God.

The Prodigal's first sin is to turn his back and walk away

He literally turns his back to God

And takes the wealth

And walks away.

Not a word of gratitude or thanks

No appreciation

No parting sentiment.

He turns his back and he walks away.

He then commences a life of depravity.

Firmly in the devil's clutches

And squanders his father's assets.

His second sin is rooted in the fact that he gave no thought of glorifying God,

He did nothing with his new found wealth To reflect the grace he had been given. Nothing to exhibit the life of a Christian

For all to see.

Instead, he turns inward and attempts to satisfy

His own lusts

In riotous living

Without a thought of his father and brother

And became fodder for the devil.

The young man soon exhausted his money

And sought employment.

In the end he worked for low wages as a farmhand Serving the needs of pigs.

The animals the Jews thought of as unclean, forbidden, Unfit for any purpose.

He was hungry and ate of the food he gave the pigs.

Filthy.

Despondent.

He came to himself (don't you love that phrase)

He resolved to return to his father.

The sinner repented and returned to God.

Now here is where the parable took on a meaning that would shock the Pharisees.

Up to now the Pharisees would have been fully on board.

This sinner had been punished

The law fulfilled

Albeit not by their court but punished and returning for the judgment.

They might have expected it to go like this:

We pick up the story of the Prodigal son from the point where the prodigal has returned

The Father fell on his neck

And smacked him round the ear

And said "Where the devil have you been?"

The son says: "Father, I have sinned against heaven and against you and am no longer worthy to be called your son, make me as one of your hired servants

And the father says: Yea right. Too true my son, too true.

I guess you think you can waltz back here

Without as much as a by your leave

And con me with your little rehearsed speech.

Do you think this is Little House on the Prairie or something?

Do you think I was born yesterday?

No my son

You will work for me cleaning out the toilets

Until you earn back

The squandered fortune that you have lost So the son says; does that mean that there is no chance of lots of presents

Instant forgiveness

A big rave party for all my friends

Banquet of fatted calf

Anything like that?

In your dreams, Bozo, in your dreams

And the Father took him by the ear and hauled him off to the farm

And it came to pass that the fatted calf saw them approaching from a long way off

And summed up the situation

And threw a big cow party

His family and friends rejoiced

A little disco dancing

Gourmet hay

Oat, barley and rye cocktails

The whole mugilla

And they moved sarcastically

As the prodigal son passed by.

And as evening fell the elder brother heard the distant sounds Of his brother still cleaning out the toilets

So after dinner he took a large brandy and lit a big cigar

And strolled over and said

I see your back

How do you like your progress from affluent to effluent And walked away feeling quite satisfied with himself.

The prodigal said to himself

Screw this

I wish I had never come back

I am just as hungry

Twice as guilty

4 times more smelly

If I ever get a day off

I know what I will do

It'll be a day out with the pigs.

(Credit to Adrian Plass for this story ending.)

That, or something like it is what the Pharisees might have expected.

So the ending that Jesus gave them was shocking.

Up to this point His story closely follows that of a Jewish folktale based upon the law set forth in Deuteronomy.

The folktale reflected the justice required of the Old Testament strict legalism of the Jews. It ends they way I did a few minutes ago.

Here Jesus gets their attention with the fundamental message of the story; We resume:

There is a subtle sense that the Father has been hoping for the return of His son.

He is not sitting home conducting the affairs of the home or enjoying his life.

He is outside where he can look for the boy; when he was yet a great way off.

When finally He sees the boy, He is overjoyed. He gleefully runs to the boy and hugs him, falls upon his neck and kisses him. Such is the greeting of God to the repentant sinner.

The boy begins to say the speech he has planned: I have sinned and am no longer worthy to by thy son. But the father cuts him off before he can beg to be a slave.

The Father summons

Ring, restoring the symbol of the family authority Robe, sandals

Major party

Fatted calf

Music

Dancing

Celebration akin to a wedding feast

Notice there is no retribution

No reminder of the sinful past

No "I told you so"

No lecture

No punishment

God's forgiveness is

absolute

immediate

seemingly automatic

to the son who is

contrite

repentant, who has amended his life

The sins are forgotten. Gone.

Such is the forgiveness of God to those who repent.

Jesus tells the Pharisees: I say unto you there is joy in the presence of the angels of God over one sinner that repenteth.

Such is the Joy in heaven over one sinner that repenteth.

What of the older son? The Pharisees, you and me in the story:

He is now the one on the outside (literally)

He has excluded himself and will not join the celebration.

The Pharisees have excluded themselves and will not participate in the celebration. Will we?

How like him we are sometimes.

We consider only ourselves. We think, what about me:

The older son says:

I have been always with you

I have been faithful to the law

I have served you always

You didn't as much kill me a goat or invite my friends to a celebration.

He could not see beyond his own ego.

Could not get past jealousy,

Anger

and self sense of what is fair to him.

He could not see as his father saw that his brother was once lost and now is found, dead and is now alive.

He could not see the parallel of

lost and death,

found and life.

This wonderful parable must have left the Pharisees walking away scratching their heads.

It teaches us the nature of God. It shows us that the pathway of forgiveness And love is truly the pathway to God. And the tremendous joy in heaven when one sinner is saved.